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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A process for separating a cell type from a mixture of cell types by electrophoresis comprising:

(a) providing a sample comprising between about 10⁵ to about 10¹⁰ cells/mL of a mixture of cell types to a first or second sample chamber of an electrophoresis apparatus, wherein said electrophoresis apparatus comprises a first electrolyte chamber; a second electrolyte chamber, a first sample chamber disposed between the first electrolyte chamber and the second electrolyte chamber; a second sample chamber disposed adjacent to the first sample chamber disposed and between the first electrolyte chamber and the second electrolyte chamber; a first ion-permeable barrier membrane disposed between the first sample chamber and the second sample chamber; a second ion-permeable barrier membrane disposed between the first electrolyte chamber and the first sample chamber; a third ion-permeable barrier membrane disposed between the second sample chamber and the second electrolyte chamber; and the electrodes disposed in the first and second electrolyte chambers; and

(b) applying an electric potential between the electrodes causing at least one cell type in the first sample chamber or the second sample chamber to move through the first ion-permeable barrier membrane into the other of the first or second sample chamber

wherein substantially all transbarrier transmembrane migration of a desired cell type occurs upon the application of the electric potential.

2. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1 wherein the at least one cell type is selected from the group consisting of eancer, totipotent, multipotent, pluripotent, stem, viable,

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non-viable, bacterial, erythrocyte and[[,]] leukocyte[[,]] bone marrow, organ, tissue, single cell

eukaryote, prokaryote, algae, and plant.

3. (Cancelled).

4. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the sample comprises at least

two cell populations.

5. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1 wherein a cell type of interest moves

out of the sample through the first ion-permeable barrier membrane into the other of the first or

second sample chamber and unwanted cell types remain in the sample during electrophoresis, or

the cell type of interest remains in the sample and unwanted cell types are caused to move out of

the sample into the other of the first or second sample chamber during electrophoresis.

6. (Canceled)

7. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1 wherein the first ion-permeable barrier

membrane prevents substantial convective mixing of contents of the first and second sample

chambers, the second ion-permeable barrier membrane prevents substantial convective mixing of

contents of the first electrolyte chamber and the first sample chamber, and the third ion-

permeable barrier membrane prevents substantial convective mixing of contents of the second

electrolyte chamber and the second sample chamber.

8. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the step of applying an

electric potential between the electrodes is maintained until at least one cell type reaches a

desired purity level in the first or second sample chamber.

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9. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1 wherein the first ion-permeable barrier

is a membrane having has a characteristic average pore size and pore size distribution.

10. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1 wherein all the ion-permeable

barriers are membranes having have a characteristic average pore size and pore size distribution.

11. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 10 wherein at least a portion of the

membranes are made from polyacrylamide and have a molecular mass cut-off of at least about 5

kDa.

12. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 10 wherein the first barrier membrane

is a large pore sized membrane selected from the group consisting of a polycarbonate membrane,

a polyacrylamide membrane, a polyvinyl alcohol (PV A) membrane, a polyethersulfone (PES)

membrane, a polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) membrane, a nylon membrane, an acrylic

copolymer based membrane, a vinyl copolymer based membrane, a polysulfone membrane, a

cellulose membrane, a cellulose triacetate membrane, a cellulose ester, a polypropylene

membrane, a silicate, a borosilicate, and a glass fiber.

13. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 12 wherein the large pore sized

membrane is a polycarbonate membrane.

14. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 12 or 13 wherein the pore size is from

about 0.01 to about 100 µm.

15. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 14 wherein the pore size is from about

1 to about 10 µm.

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16. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1 wherein the second and third barriers

membranes are restriction membranes having a molecular mass cut off less than that of the first

barrier.

17. (Original) The process according to claim 16 wherein the restriction membranes are formed

from polyacrylamide.

18. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein at least about 50% of the at

least one cell type remains viable or substantially unchanged after separation.

19. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 18 wherein at least about 60% of the

at least one cell type remains viable or substantially unchanged after separation.

20. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the sample is processed in a

static form in batches or processed in a substantially continuous form by moving the sample and

electrolyte in streams through the apparatus.

21. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the difference in the

electric potential is from about 1 to about 200 V.

22. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 21 wherein the voltage is about 60 V.

23. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 21 wherein the field strengths are

from about 10 to about 100 V/cm.

24. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 20 wherein the field strength is about

50 V/cm.

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25. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the electric potential is

applied for a period of from about 1 to about 60 minutes.

26. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 25 wherein the electrophoresis run

time is about 10 minutes.

27. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein buffer or electrolyte

concentrations are between about 100 to about 400 mM.

28. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 27 wherein the buffer or electrolyte is

a cell-compatible biological buffer comprising at least one component selected from the group

consisting of HEPPS, HEPES, BisTris, sodium chloride, phosphate buffer salts, sucrose, glucose

and mannitol.

29. (Canceled)

30. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the cell concentration of the

sample is between about 10⁶ and about 10⁸ cells/mL.

31. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1, wherein movement of the desired

cell type though the membrane due to the electric potential is substantially greater than any

convective movement of the desired cell type though the membrane.